ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A light-emitting material of the present invention is a new compound that has paragenesis crystalline structure consisting of two phases expressed in the following general formula:(Sr, Eu,Dy)_{0.95±X}(Al, B)₂O_{3.95±X}·(Sr, Eu,Dy)_{4-X}(Al, B)₁₄O_{25-X} wherein, x=0.01 to 0.1, B is between 0.2 to 1.0% by weight, Eu is between 0.5 to 3.0% by weight, and Dy is between 0.01 to 3.0% by weight). A method of producing a light-emitting material comprising the steps of pulverizing raw materials into a mixture, heating the mixture from 850°C to 1200°C for three hours under a reduction condition, keeping the temperature constant at 1200°C for five to six hours to form a sintered body, cooling the sintered body down to room temperature, and pulverizing the sintered body to obtain a product.